

Comparative Research Designs And Case Selection

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Qualitative Research Designs
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Comparative Research Designs And Case

Abstract Each empirical field of study can be described by the cases (" units ") analysed, the characteristics of cases (" variables ") being considered and the number of times each unit is observed (" observations ").

Comparative Research Designs and Case Selection | SpringerLink

This method of cross-case comparison using QCA is useful for small-and intermediate-size research designs where sufficient familiarity and empirical intimacy with each case can still be warranted...

Comparative Research Design: Case and Variable Selection ...

In any event, it is of crucial importance before engaging in QCA proper (through csQCA, mvQCA, fsQCA) to develop a specific comparative research design. Naturally, developing a research design covers many other aspects than simply case and variable selection—but we choose to concentrate on these two operations because they are particularly crucial in comparative research designs.

Comparative Research Design: Case and Variable Selection ...

Comparisons lead to new insights and better understanding of all participants involved. These studies also require collaboration, strong teams, advanced technologies and access to international databases, making them more expensive. Use comparative research design when the necessary funding and resources are available.

Characteristics of a Comparative Research Design | Synonym

structured process of case-selection in comparative research designs may well support the goal of increasing the numb er of cases in one ' s research while maintaining most of the advantag es of ...

(PDF) Comparative Research Designs in the Study of ...

A comparative approach to research can be invaluable for understanding broader social processes or contextualising knowledge gained from in-depth case studies. Designing effective comparative research requires clarity about the common questions, concepts and methods that are used for all the different cases. Careful planning of the elements and stages of the research process can also become particularly important if they are being conducted to a shared timetable.

Comparative research - Research Methods for the study of ...

Comparative research is a reliable way of getting your bearings on any type of project. No matter how new a problem may be to us, we are never the first person to tackle it. There are always examples to learn from. That said, the way we learn from others ' examples can make the difference between uncritical emulation and a solution that fits the unique problem and context we ' re facing.

The Advantage of Comparative Research | Viget

COMPARATIVE RESEARCH METHODS 5 Case selection and research designs For all five research goals, the selection of which cases are included in the comparison is crucial. Hantrais (1999 ...

Comparative Research Methods

The strength of comparative analysis as a research design is its ability to introduce additional explanatory variables (or to allow variation in variables which take a fixed value in the initial case of interest), and to show that relations are more or less general than had been initially thought.

The four varieties of comparative analysis: the case of ...

A few(er) Cases Research Design is seen as a " focused comparison " which is directly derived from the Research Question under review (Ragin, 1994). Here the specific features of core subject under study explicitly direct the inclusion of relevant cases and is therefore more or less a " closed shop " .

The Comparative approach: theory and method

Comparative research is a research methodology in the social sciences that aims to make comparisons across different countries or cultures. A major problem in comparative research is that the data sets in different countries may define categories differently (for example by using different definitions of poverty) or may not use the same categories.

Comparative research - Wikipedia

Comparison is a common research method with outstanding merits and with widespread application. The aim of this article is to discuss systematically some of the methodological strategies of using this mode of research in social science. To do so a few typologies regarding the functions and leverages of comparative analysis are presented first.

Potentials and Limitations of Comparative Method in Social ...

A deviant case study is a research design or case selection technique for the purpose of refining or replacing an existing theory or hypothesis, and thus serves the objective of hypothesis generation. Eckstein ' s (1975:104 – 08) heuristic cases studies, designed to " stimulate the imagination, " also serve a hypothesis-generating function.

Case Studies: Types, Designs, and Logics of Inference

We will examine in detail the practicalities of different types of comparative research designs, by following all the hands-on steps: prior arbitrations and ' casing ' , i.e. the definition of the cases. case selection, through more basic or more advanced strategies. collecting and managing comparative data.

Comparative Research Designs

Comparative Research Designs and Methods Explore comparative analysis and its importance in the social sciences. You'll learn how to use comparative methods for constructive explanation and theory building and apply it to real-world politics.

Comparative Research Designs and Methods | edX

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What is COMPARATIVE RESEARCH? What does COMPARATIVE ...

Evaluating the Research Methods of Three Modern Classics of Comparative Politics. The main aim of this essay will be to explore and theoretically evaluate the research designs of three classics of comparative politics: Putnam ' s case study method in Making Democracy Work, Linz ' s small-N research design in " The Perils of Presidentialism " and Amorim Neto & Cox ' s large-N statistical analysis in " Electoral Institutions, Cleavage Structures, and the Number of Parties " .

Evaluating Research Methods of Comparative Politics

The design of a research topic explains the type of research (experimental, survey, correlational, semi-experimental, review) and also its sub-type (experimental design, research problem, descriptive case-study). There are three main types of research design: Data collection, measurement, and analysis.

This new addition to the Applied Social Research Methods series is unrivalled, it is written by leaders in the growing field of rigorous, comparative techniques.

This book approaches current controversies concerning qualitative and quantitative procedures in the social sciences and incorporates new methods showing how they can supplement each other. It is based on a comprehensive international research project that readers can apply to their findings through the data set provided on the author's home page.

A revolutionary textbook introducing masters and doctoral students to the major research approaches and methodologies in the social sciences. Written by an outstanding set of scholars, and derived from successful course teaching, this volume will empower students to choose their own approach to research, to justify this approach, and to situate it within the discipline. It addresses questions of ontology, epistemology and philosophy of social science, and proceeds to issues of methodology and research design essential for producing a good research proposal. It also introduces researchers to the main issues of debate and contention in the methodology of social sciences, identifying commonalities, historic continuities and genuine differences.

An award-winning book, Doing Research is a must read. Designed for students across a variety of social science disciplines, it is the first research methods text devoted to conflict analysis and resolution. It begins with a discussion of the philosophical foundations for doing research, providing guidelines on how to develop research questions and how these questions can be addressed with various methodologies. The book presents a wide-ranging treatment of both quantitative and qualitative approaches to the design and analysis of problems of conflict.

"Comprising more than 500 entries, the Encyclopedia of Research Design explains how to make decisions about research design, undertake research projects in an ethical manner, interpret and draw valid inferences from data, and evaluate experiment design strategies and results. Two additional features carry this encyclopedia far above other works in the field: bibliographic entries devoted to significant articles in the history of research design and reviews of contemporary tools, such as software and statistical procedures, used to analyze results. It covers the spectrum of research design strategies, from material presented in introductory classes to topics necessary in graduate research; it addresses cross- and multidisciplinary research needs, with many examples drawn from the social and behavioral sciences, neurosciences, and biomedical and life sciences; it provides summaries of advantages and disadvantages of often-used strategies; and it uses hundreds of sample tables, figures, and equations based on real-life cases." -Publisher's description.

This book provides a comprehensive, accessible guide to social science methodology. In so doing, it establishes methodology as distinct from both methods and philosophy. Most existing textbooks deal with methods, or sound ways of collecting and analysing data to generate findings. In contrast, this innovative book shows how an understanding of methodology allows us to design research so that findings can be used to answer interesting research questions and to build and test theories. Most important things in social research (e.g., beliefs, institutions, interests, practices and social classes) cannot be observed directly. This book explains how empirical research can nevertheless be designed to make sound inferences about their nature, effects and significance. The authors examine what counts as good description, explanation and interpretation, and how they can be achieved by striking intelligent trade-offs between competing design virtues. Coverage includes: • why methodology matters; • what philosophical arguments show us about inference; • competing virtues of good research design; • purposes of theory, models and frameworks; • forming researchable concepts and typologies; • explaining and interpreting: inferring causation, meaning and significance; and • combining explanation and interpretation. The book is essential reading for new researchers faced with the practical challenge of designing research. Extensive examples and exercises are provided, based on the authors' long experience of teaching methodology to multi-disciplinary groups. Perri 6 is Professor of Social Policy in the Graduate School in the College of Business, Law and Social Sciences at Nottingham Trent University. Chris Bellamy is Emeritus Professor of Public Administration in the Graduate School, Nottingham Trent University.

Comparative case studies are an effective qualitative tool for researching the impact of policy and practice in various fields of social research, including education. Developed in response to the inadequacy of traditional case study approaches, comparative case studies are highly effective because of their ability to synthesize information across time and space. In Rethinking Case Study Research: A Comparative Approach, the authors describe, explain, and illustrate the horizontal, vertical, and transversal axes of comparative case studies in order to help readers develop their own comparative case study research designs. In six concise chapters, two experts employ geographically distinct case studies—from Tanzania to Guatemala to the U.S.—to show how this innovative approach applies to the operation of policy and practice across multiple social fields. With examples and activities from anthropology, development studies, and policy studies, this volume is written for researchers, especially graduate students, in the fields of education and the interpretive social sciences.

Studying Complex Interactions and Outcomes Through Qualitative Comparative Analysis: A Practical Guide to Comparative Case Studies and Ethnographic Data Analysis offers practical, methodological, and theoretically robust guidelines to systematically study the causalities, dynamics, and outcomes of complex social interactions in multiple source data sets. It demonstrates how to convert data from multistied ethnography of investment politics, mobilizations, and citizen struggles into a Qualitative Comparative Analysis (QCA). In this book, Markus Kröger focuses on how data collected primarily via multistied political ethnography, supplemented by other materials and verified by multiple forms of triangulation, can be systematically analyzed through QCA. The results of this QCA offer insight on how to study the political and economic outcomes in natural resource conflicts, across different contexts and political systems. This book applies the method in practice using examples from the author ' s own research. With a focus on social movement studies, it shows how QCA can be used to analyze a multiple data source database, that includes results from multiple case studies. This book is a practical guide for researchers and students in social movement studies and other disciplines that produce ethnographic data from multiple sources on how to analyze complex databases through the QCA.

To order please visit <https://onlineacademiccommunity.uvic.ca/press/books/ordering/>

A comprehensive and accessible guide to learning and successfully applying QCA Social phenomena can rarely be attributed to single causes—instead, they typically stem from a myriad of interwoven factors that are often difficult to untangle. Drawing on set theory and the language of necessary and sufficient conditions, however, qualitative comparative analysis (QCA) is ideally suited to capturing this causal complexity. A case-based research method, QCA regards cases as combinations of conditions and compares the conditions of each case in a structured way to identify the necessary and sufficient conditions for an outcome. Qualitative Comparative Analysis: An Introduction to Research Design and Application is a comprehensive guide to QCA. As QCA becomes increasingly popular across the social sciences, this textbook teaches students, scholars, and self-learners the fundamentals of the method, research design, interpretation of results, and how to communicate findings. Following an ideal typical research cycle, the book ' s ten chapters cover the methodological basis and analytical routine of QCA, as well as matters of research design, causation and causal complexity, QCA variants, and the method ' s reception in the social sciences. A comprehensive glossary helps to clarify the meaning of frequently used terms. The book is complemented by an accessible online R manual to help new users to practice QCA ' s analytical steps on sample data and then implement with their own findings. This hands-on textbook is an essential resource for students and researchers looking for a complete and up-to-date introduction to QCA.

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